

NO PROGRAMMING | FLEXIBLE | ACCURATE



CDC-AGT-216-001-R24

1 DESCRIPTION



1.1 What is the BeamMaster WELD

The BeamMaster WELD is a **Robotic Welding Line** specially engineered to answer all the welding needs of **structural steel fabricators**.

The BeamMaster WELD's range features a **small footprint** with complete **robotic automation**. Our attractive prices offer to all sizes of fabrication shops a **solution to their welding production issues**.



1.2 Why invest in the BeamMaster WELD?

Feeding
Cutting
Marking
Drilling
Fitting
Welding
OC
Painting
Mat. handling
Maintenance

The typical steel fabrication shop will **spend up to 30%** of the entire shop fabrication time on **welding operations**. Along with fitting, it's the **most labour intensive operation** of the entire fabrication process.

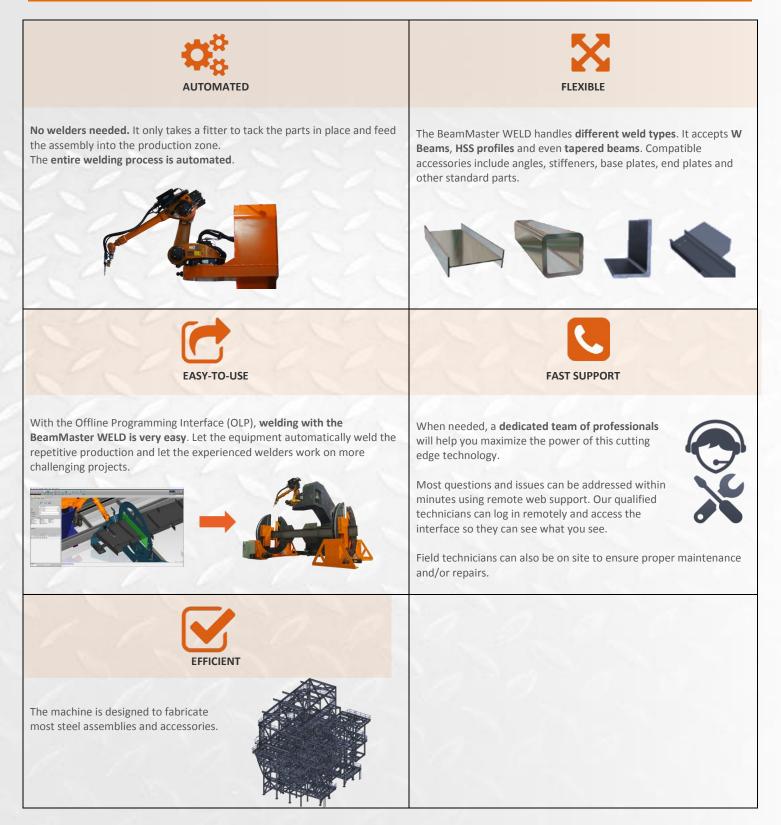
You have likely invested in automated equipment for beam and part preparation; **it's now time** to bring your shop to the next phase: **Robotic Welding**.





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1.3 Features & Benefits





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1.4 Layout

Small Footprint

Maximize your shop layout and make the most out of every square-foot.

Reliable Welding Robot

Robots were designed to work in harsh conditions years after years with minimal maintenance.

Efficient Rotating Units

Beam flippers ensure maximized productivity.

Productivity x2

While the robot is busy welding in one zone, an operator can safely fit, tack and flip in the other zone.

Safe Operations

Laser beam security zones create a safe working environment for the operators.

Be in control

An easy-to-use interface (SLT version only) is provided to build production lists and monitor the equipment performance.

AGI

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1.5 Configurations

BM48



Basic unit – BM48 : ✓ 1 working zone ✓ without rotator





Basic unit – BM48R: ✓ 1 working zone ✓ with rotators



Basic unit – BM482: ✓ 2 working zones ✓ without rotator

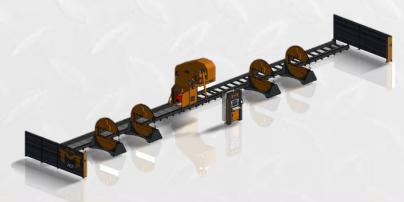




Complete unit – BM48R2:

- ✓ 2 working zones
- ✓ with rotators

BM60R2



Complete unit - BM60R2 :

- ✓ 2 working zones
- ✓ with rotators

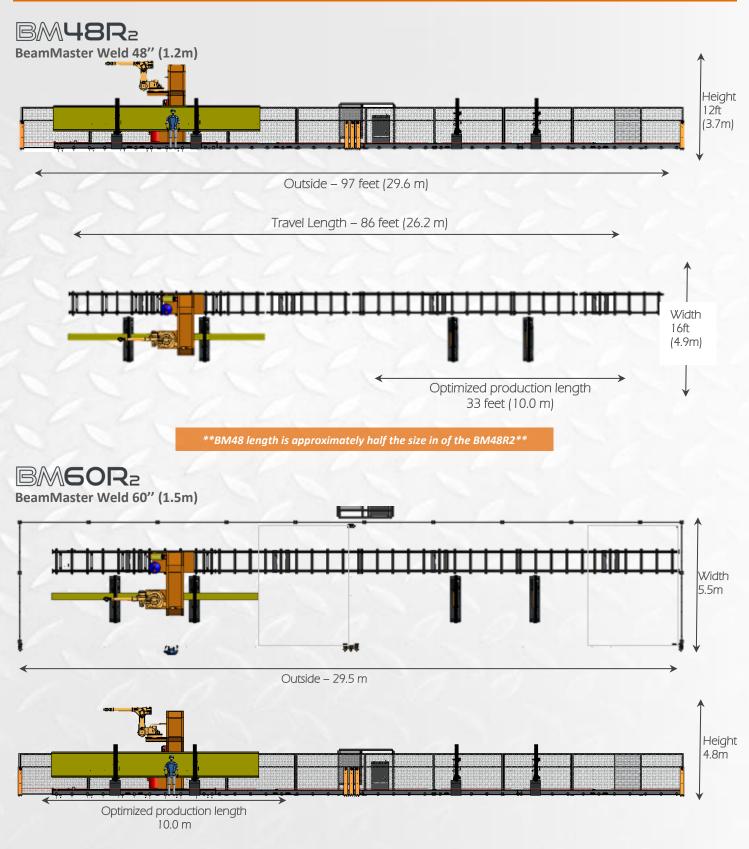






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2 ROTATORS (OPTIONAL)

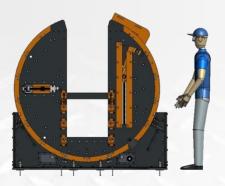
AGT Rotators can handle beams up to:

48" web and 20" flange for model 48 (1220mm wide x 510mm) 60" web and 20" flange for model 60 (1524mm wide x 510mm)

Capacity:

Per unit: 5500lb (2500kg) Per pair: 11000lb (5000kg)

Rotation: Automatic (controlled by sequence) Clamping: Manual or Motorized (option) Loading: Horizontal or Vertical (conveyor, overhead crane, forklift)



3 INPUT REQUIREMENTS

| Electrical | Power supply of : |
|--|--|
| Pneumatic | 100 psi @ 20 CFM Clean air 0,005MM Dry 99,9%, Unlubricated, 1/2" NPT |
| Welding Gas 85% AR-15%CO2 mix, 2x 40 CFH | |
| Ethernet speed | Upload / Download speed at 10Mbs |
| | |

4 OPERATION INTERFACE

The equipment comes with an easy to use HMI. Among others, the operator can:

- Select new work orders
- Have a global status of all sub-modules
- Consult an alarm log
 - Control the rotators



For more advanced functions, the equipment also comes with a teachpendant.

Operations are presented to the user in a transparent manner by means of intelligent, interactive dialogs. The user always has at his disposal precisely the operator control elements that he actually needs at any given moment.







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5 SUPPORTED DIMENSIONS

5.1 Types of Beams Supported

BM48

| W beam | | | Imperial | Metric |
|-----------------------------|---------|------|-----------------|----------------|
| | Section | Min. | W6 x 14 | W150 x 22 |
| | | Max. | W48 | W1220 |
| | Length | Min. | 12 ft. | 3.62 m |
| | | Max. | 80 ft. | 24.4 m |
| | | | | |
| HSS closed rectangular colu | mn | | | |
| | Section | Min. | 6" x 6" x 0.188 | 152x152x4.8 mm |
| | | Max. | 20" x 20" | 558 x 558 mm |
| | Length | Min. | 12 ft. | 3.65 m |
| | | Max. | 80 ft. | 24.4 m |

Maximum length per zone is 30 ft. (9.14 m)

Robot programs will be zone specific over 27 ft. (8.23 m)

NOTE

 \checkmark

 \checkmark

Also supported:

- ✓ Tapered Beam
- ✓ Fabricated Beam
- \checkmark Any other section that fit in the zone

BM60R2

| W beam | | | Imperial | Metric |
|-------------------------------|---------|------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | Section | Min. | W4 x 13 | W100 x 19.3 |
| | | Max. | Up to 60" X 20" | Up to 1.5 m x 0.5 m |
| | Length | Min. | 12 ft. | 3.65 m |
| 1 | | Max. | 80 ft. | 24.4 m |
| HSS closed rectangular column | | | | |
| | Section | Min. | 6" x 6" x 0.188 | 152x152x4.8 mm |
| | | Max. | 60" x 20" | 558 x 558 mm |
| | Length | Min. | 12 ft. | 3.65 m |
| | | Max. | 80 ft. | 24.4 m |
| | | | | |

Also supported:

- ✓ Tapered Beam
- ✓ Fabricated Beam
- ✓ Any other section that fit in the zone



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5.2 Beam Validation

| Beam torsion and flexion compensation before welding | No |
|--|----|
| Beam torsion and flexion compensation during welding | No |
| Welding quality inspection (or identification) | No |

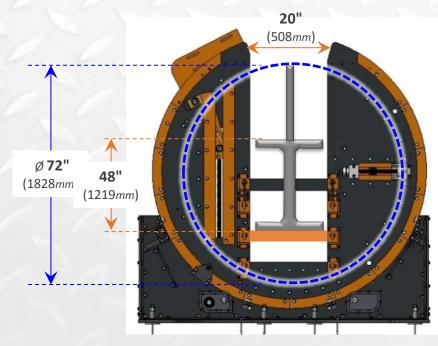
5.3 Part Tolerances

Infeed beams and sections must be of good quality and must respect the following criteria

- Flatness = up to 2mm (0.09")
- Cut straightness = up to 2 mm (0.09")
- Cut angle = ±2mm (0.09")
- CAD vs Actual for all dimensions = up to 4 mm (0.16") deviation

5.4 Assemblies

| Dimensions | Length | min | 12 ft. | 3.65 m |
|------------|--------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|
| | | max | 30 ft.* per station | 9.15 m |
| | | | 60 ft. (will overlap on both station) | 18.3 m |
| | Width | Outside of main member | 19" | 483 mm |
| | Height | Outside of main member | 19" | 483 mm |
| Weight | Total | Max (Including accessories) | 10 000lbs | 4 500 kg |



The current robot configuration allows to robot to reach most weld joint with the required configuration. With 2F weld configuration, some welds might be "out-of-reach" or "impossible to do without collisions"





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6 WELDING

6.1 General welding specifications

| Welding equipment | Power Source | Collision detect | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| | Wire Feeder | Torch cleaning station (reamer) | | |
| | Welding Torch | | | |
| Typical welding speed – Fillet welds (2F): | 17 inches/min for ¼" weld | (7mm/s for 6.4mm fillet weld) | | |
| | 22 inches/min for 3/16" weld | (9mm/s for 4.8mm fillet weld) | | |
| Gap tolerances | No gap detection | | | |
| 6 6 6 6 6 | Maximum gap 1mm | | | |
| Joint detection | Laser Touch sensing | | | |
| Process and position | MCAW - Spray and pulse transfer – Horizontal (2F) | | | |
| Wire classification | AWS A5.18, A5.18M: E70C-6M H4 / CSA W48-06: E491C-6MJ-H4 | | | |
| Shielding gas | 85%Ar-15%CO2 mix | | | |
| Surface finish | All parts and beam must be clean with low scale level. | | | |

6.2 Recommended uses

AGT includes a complete welding package that will cover most joints present in structural steel assemblies. The document that describes those cases extensively is "TEC-AGT-216-018 Connection Type Welding Package"







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6.3 Other possibilities

Table below lists available possibilities for the system. Additional development or additional equipment may be required. For more information, please contact us.

| Vertical up welding (3F) | Some restrictions may apply Servo-robot sensor option for measuring the gap between plates Corner, Butt joint, Edge joint | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Gap detection & measurement prior to welding | | | |
| Assembly types | | | |
| Weld types | Single V-groove weld on butt | Single halve-V groove weld on butt joint | |
| | Square butt weld on corner joint | Square butt weld on butt joint | |
| | Single halve V groove weld on T-joint | Single V-groove on corner joint | |
| | Single halve V groove weld on corner joint | | |
| Additional welding Process, wire classification and shielding gas | Any combination allowing adequate per restrictions may apply. | formance of the equipment. Some | |
| Weld sizes | Up to ½" (12mm) | | |
| Number of passes (multi-pass) | >3 (Some restrictions may apply) | | |





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7 PROGRAMMING MODES

| | Tarak Davidant | | Califi a sustan | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| | Teach Pendant | Offline Programming | SelfLearning | |
| | ТР | OLP | SLT | |
| | | | cortex structural | |
| CAD | | | | |
| Define welds in CAD | (CAD not needed) | (WeldingInfo cannot be imported) | Weld Info can be used later | |
| Export geometry in 3D | (CAD not needed) | Use "Save as" in CAD | Use go.export module ¹ | |
| Export welding information from CAD | (CAD not needed) | (WeldingInfo cannot be exported) | Use <mark>go.export</mark> module | |
| ROBOT PROGRAM CREATION | | | | |
| Position part to weld | Physically in machine | | (auto-positioned) | |
| Define Weld segments location (WHERE) Define Weld size (WHAT) | Manual using TP and Robot | Manual using Octopuz HMI | AUTOMATIC Three possibilities: 1. Read info from CAD Only 2. Auto-generated ² 3. Auto-generated but use CAD when present. | |
| Teach Search Sequence | | | (auto-selected) | |
| Define Toolpath (HOW) | | | (auto-selected) | |
| Define Robot Path | Manual using TP and Robot | Manual using Octopuz HMI | (auto-generated) | |
| Define complete sequence | Wandar daning Tr and Kobot | w/virtual cell | (auto-generateu) | |
| ROBOT PROGRAM VALIDATION | | | | |
| Validate RobotPath | Manual using TP and Robot | Using Octopuz virtual simulator | (auto-generated. Results available in report | |
| Edit/Modify Welds/RobotPath | (Dry-Run) | Using Octopuz HMI | If problems (collision, reach, etc.): Using Octopuz HMI | |
| Save Robot Program | | Using Octopu | uz Post Processor | |
| ROBOT PROGRAM EXECUTION | | | | |
| Load part | | Physically in machine | | |
| Select robot program | Using robot Te | each Pendant | Basic HMI | |
| GENERAL | | | | |
| Supports Structural Steel Assemblies | Yes | Yes | Yes | |
| Supports Fabricated/Tapered beams | Yes | Yes | No (Will be supported in later to come versions) | |
| Supports Any Assembly | Yes. | Yes | No | |

The system comes with 3 main programming modes: TeachPendant (TP), Offline Programming (OLP) and SelfLearning (SLT).

¹ Only Tekla (version 18 to 2017) and SDS2 (2014 and 2015) are supported

² Auto-generation of welds only works for specific connection types of Structural Steel. See document "Connection Types and Welding Schedules"

³ Automatic sequence generation only includes welding 2F position (Horizontal) and sorts all welds in the longitudinal axis and welds them in order.

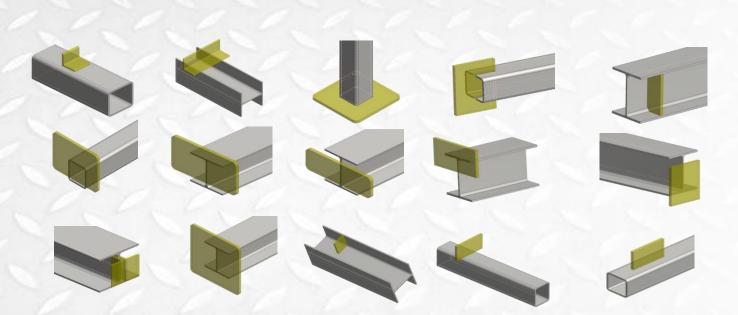


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8 SAFETY

- Canadian safety Standard CSA Z434-14;
- American standard ANSI/RIA R15.06-2012 ;
- Production area are in safe operation mode;
- Light Curtains ensure safe zone control from production area;

9 TYPICAL SUPPORTED CONNECTION TYPES



.. and more !

(See complete list in document "Supported Connection Types")



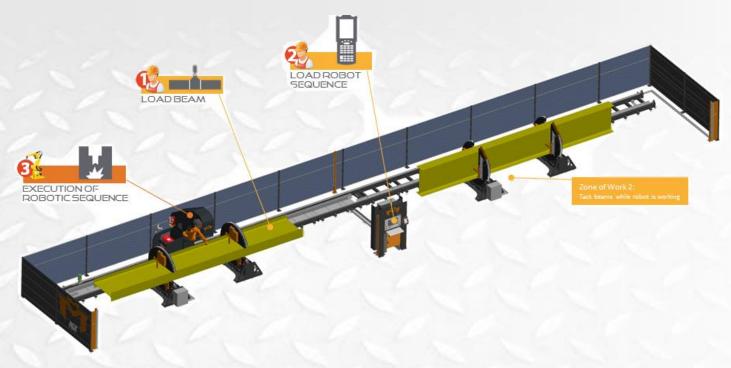


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10 PRODUCTION SEQUENCE

10.1 PRODUCTION MODE

At this step, an operator needs to use the robot sequence previously created and run it.



| Step | | Resource | Action | Description | |
|------|---|-----------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| 1. | 2 | Operator | Load the beam | The beam is loaded in the rotators ✓ Validate material in cell (quality control of raw material) | |
| 2. | 2 | Operator | Load robot sequence | Using the teach pendant, the operator loads the right robot sequence for the loaded beam assembly. ✓ Make sure the cell is ready to operate ✓ Activate security (lock the cell) | |
| 3. | 2 | Operator | Press start | The robot sequence is started | |
| 4. | 2 | Automatic | Execution of robot sequence | The entire robot sequence (including robot translations on rail) is executed for one face. | |
| 5. | 2 | Operator | Flip beam | Once the face is over, the operator needs to flip the beam to the next face | |
| 6. | 2 | Automatic | Execution of robot sequence | The entire robot sequence (including robot translations on rail) is executed for one face. | |
| 7. | 2 | Operator | Unload beam | Once all faces are done, the operator unloads the beam in zone 1 (while the robot will weld in zone 2) ✓ Quality control of welds ✓ Welding wire replacement (when needed) ✓ Monitor consumables (contact tip, diffuser, etc.) ✓ Shield gas replacement (when needed) | |



10.2 Operating Procedures

10.2.1 OFFLINE PROGRAMMING CONFIGURATION - INITIAL CONFIGURATION OF EQUIPMENT

An initial configuration is required to make sure that the robotic sub-routines and welding parameters are ready to be used at the offline programming time. Once it's done, those sub-routines and parameters can be used for all programming.

| Step | Resource | Action | Description |
|------|------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1. | Technician | Development of Welding parameters | For each unique joint configuration, corresponding welding parameters must be developed and saved. The following characteristics may have an influence on the welding parameters: Material and source (weld process, electrode, shielding gas, shielding gas flowrate, electrode diameter) Leg size (5,6,8,10 mm) Height above weld (0, between 0 and 4, above 4) Joint type (Lap, T) Surface finish (Heavy Scale, Light Scale) Gap Interface (Horizontal or Vertical) Segment length (<10mm or >10mm) Edge radius |
| 2. | Technician | Development of Robotic Subroutines | For each unique joint, a sub-routine must be saved into a separate file. This file will contain: the basic strategy and required robot configuration a link to the right WeldID (developed at the previous step) This file will be used during programming time to accelerate greatly the programming time since most or all the parameters will be pre-configured. |

10.2.2 OFFLINE PROGRAMMING (Manual)

At this step, a technician needs to create all the robot movements, all the welding paths and associate a welding schedule with each welding path.

| Step | | Resource | Action | Description | |
|------|---|------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| 1. | | Technician | Import virtual cell | Import the 3D virtual cell of the BeamMaster WELD | |
| 2. | 2 | Technician | Import 3D model of BeamAssembly | Import the 3D model of the BeamAssembly | |
| 3. | | Technician | Creation of Welding paths | For each welding path, the technician needs to: Position the BeamAssembly Position the welding robot on rail Open the right "RoboticSubRoutine" Select a base and select a wall Validate that the robot can perform without collisions If required: Modify robot positions and configurations | |
| 4. | | Technician | Save the robot sequence | The robot sequence is saved and transferred to the robot controller. | |







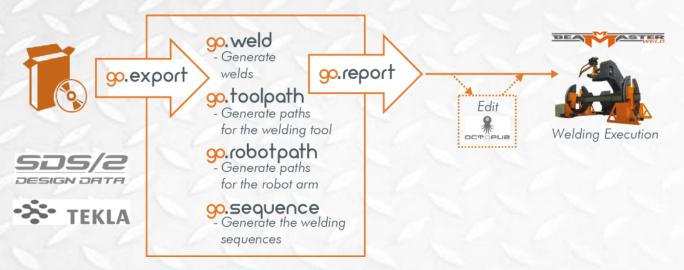
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10.3 OFFLINE PROGRAMMING (with Cortex)



At this step, a technician needs to review, fix and approved all robot movements, all the welding paths and associates a welding schedule with each welding path.

GENERAL FLOW



| Step | | Resource | Action | Description |
|------|---|------------|----------------------------|--|
| 1. | 2 | Technician | Export | Exports the entire building from Tekla or SDS2 |
| 2. | | Technician | Launch Program Creation | With a few clicks, the technician selects the Assemblies to produce and starts the program creation process. |
| 3. | ¢ | Automatic | Program Creation | Automatically, the modules of the Cortex Structural suite will AUTOMATICALLY: - Generate the welds for known connection types - Import the welds that were defined in the 3D model - Decide whether the assembly needs to be produced in 1 or 2 zones - Position the Assembly in the rotators - Generate all the joint search robot movements - Generate all the weld process robot movements - Generate all the "in-between-welds" movements - Generate all the beam flip operations - Define the joint and create/associate the righ weld schedule - Create a logical sequence for all the movements - Launch a simulation |
| 4. | | Technician | Confirm validated program | Review the entire simulation using report and correct welds or robot moves if needed |
| 5. | | Technician | Save the robot sequence | The robot sequence is saved and transferred to the robot controller. |



10.4 PC technical Requirements

To run Cortex | Structural and Octopuz, the PC must have the following specifications:

| Operating Systems | Supports for: |
|---------------------|---|
| | Windows 7 32-bit or 64-bit version |
| | Windows 8 32-bit and 64-bit versions |
| | Windows 10 32-bit and 64-bit versions |
| | Note: |
| | To use OCTOPUZ on 64-bit systems the compatibility mode is used for the OCTOPUZ executable. |
| Hard Drive | 20 GB of free space (Solid State Recommended) |
| CPU | Intel [®] Core™ i5 or similar (Intel [®] Core™ i7 Recommended) |
| Memory | The minimum machine requirement is 2 GB. For the use of OCTOPUZ for component altering and large layouts we |
| | recommend a minimum of 4 GB. |
| Graphics | OpenGL 3.2 support with 512 MB memory. No onboard graphics. The graphics driver should support OpenGL directly |
| | to avoid performance problems. |
| Mouse | 3-button Microsoft compatible mouse |
| Internet Connection | Octopuz: |
| | A network connection is required to activate and transfer the license and access the WebCat from within the software. |
| | Manual activation without direct internet is possible, but not recommended. |